

Exhibit 1

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1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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3 GOOGLE, LLC,

4 Plaintiff,

New York, N.Y.

5 v.

21 Civ. 10260 (DLC)

6 DMITRY STAROVIKOV, ALEXANDER
7 FILIPPOV, and DOES 1-15,

8 Defendants.

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Conference

9 June 1, 2022

10 2:30 p.m.

11 Before:

12 HON. DENISE COTE,

13 District Judge

14
15 APPEARANCES

16
17 KING & SPALDING, LLP
Attorneys for Plaintiff

18 BY: LAURA E. HARRIS
19 ANDREW Z. MICHAELSON
CHRISTOPHER J.S. MEYER

20
21 THE LITVAK LAW FIRM, PLLC
Attorneys for Defendants Starovikov and Filippov
22 BY: IGOR B. LITVAK
23
24
25

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(Case called)

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Is counsel for plaintiff ready to proceed?

MS. HARRIS: Yes, your Honor.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: Please state your appearance for the record.

MS. HARRIS: Laura Harris, from King & Spalding, for Google, and I am joined by Andrew Michaelson and Christopher Meyer, also from King & Spalding.

THE DEPUTY CLERK: For the defendant?

MR. LITVAK: Igor Litvak, for Dmitry Starovikov and Alexander Filippov.

THE COURT: Good afternoon, everyone.

I want to let you know that under our COVID protocols if you wish to address me without your mask you may do so from the podium. It is up to you whether to stay where you are or to use the podium.

This is our initial conference in this case, and thank you for the Rule 26(f) submission which I received yesterday and I have had a chance to review.

This is a case in which Google seeks a permanent injunction and, as I understand it from yesterday's report, the defendants are not going to consent to that injunction.

I have a few questions, and then I will hear from the parties.

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1 Ms. Harris, I take it this is a nonjury case at this
2 point since all you are seeking is an injunction. Am I right?

3 MS. HARRIS: Yes, your Honor.

4 THE COURT: And you agree with that, Mr. Litvak?
5 Mr. Litvak, you agree with that?

6 MR. LITVAK: I'm sorry, your Honor. I didn't hear
7 you. Yes, I do agree with that, your Honor.

8 THE COURT: Thank you so much.

9 Excuse me one second.

10 (Pause)

11 THE COURT: And the report from the parties describes
12 two phases of discovery, and the plaintiff seeks a right to
13 amend or an opportunity to amend 30 days after that first phase
14 of discovery concludes. That first phase of discovery, as I
15 understand it, is addressed principally to identifying the John
16 Does.

17 Do I understand correctly, Ms. Harris?

18 MS. HARRIS: That's right, your Honor.

19 THE COURT: The report also reflects that the parties
20 anticipate submitting to me a confidentiality agreement and an
21 ESI protocol. At least I understand that you want me to sign
22 those after you negotiate them, am I right, Ms. Harris?

23 MS. HARRIS: That's right, your Honor.

24 THE COURT: Okay. So we will set a schedule for those
25 two documents, as well.

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1 But at this initial point why don't I give the parties
2 an opportunity to be heard? Ms. Harris, is there anything that
3 you wanted to indicate to me?

4 MS. HARRIS: Yes, your Honor. Thank you.

5 If I could just bring your Honor up to speed on the
6 conversations that the parties have had pursuant to your notice
7 setting today's conference. We asked defendants whether there
8 was affirmative injunction that they would consent to,
9 particularly in light of their representations that all of
10 their business activities were legal and that they had no
11 knowledge of illegal activity that we have detailed in our
12 complaint and TRO, and they have repeatedly indicated that they
13 are willing to cooperate. Defendants have demurred,
14 essentially, including in the immediate aftermath of your
15 Honor's order, indicated that they wanted to file their answer,
16 that they -- notwithstanding their interest in settling. And
17 we have asked them what it is in particular that they object to
18 or wish to alter in the preliminary injunction that's currently
19 entered and whether they would object to an entry of a
20 permanent junction just as to the Does. And again, your Honor,
21 I think our confusion and our frustration comes from the fact
22 that, notwithstanding their insistence that their business
23 activities are legal, notwithstanding -- although they have
24 represented that they don't know whether others in their
25 business may be up to illegal activity, we don't have a sense

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1 of what is objectionable or what they seek to gain. And I
2 think it is difficult for us to determine whether there is any
3 non-litigation resolution that's possible given the difficulty
4 that we have had in figuring out whether there is an
5 alternative to the preliminary injunction that's been entered
6 or what they would seek to change about that injunction.

7 I think also, your Honor, they have -- we are confused
8 by the repeated offers for cooperation and the representations
9 that they have the ability to take the malware off the
10 Internet, and I think that's a paraphrase of what we have heard
11 from defendants' counsel.

12 THE COURT: To take the matter?

13 MS. HARRIS: The malware.

14 THE COURT: Oh, the malware.

15 MS. HARRIS: Exactly, off the Internet. They have
16 said that Google does not have the ability to eliminate
17 Glupteba without their assistance.

18 THE COURT: Yes, I think you are going to have to
19 spell that term for the court reporter.

20 MS. HARRIS: I'm happy to that. It is M-A-L --

21 (Court reporter confers)

22 MS. HARRIS: G-L-U-P-T-E-B-A, off the Internet without
23 defendants' assistance. And we are obviously happy to litigate
24 and try to get -- to get the permanent injunction through
25 litigation, but I think the inherent conflict in defendants'

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1 representations that, on the one hand, their activities are
2 entirely legal and, on the other, that their cooperation is
3 required to remove the botnet or the malware that creates the
4 botnet, rather, leaves us in a little bit of a Catch-22.

5 THE COURT: Thank you.

6 Mr. Litvak, have you looked at the terms of the
7 preliminary injunction?

8 MR. LITVAK: Yes, your Honor. I did look at the terms
9 of preliminary injunction, and in term when it comes to
10 permanent injunctions, my client not willing to consent to that
11 for various reasons.

12 I also want to clarify some --

13 THE COURT: I'm sorry. Is there a particular passage
14 in the preliminary injunction that your client is not willing
15 to consent to?

16 MR. LITVAK: Yes, your Honor. Because what the Google
17 calls a malware my clients believe is a legal software. We
18 don't even know if we are talking about the same thing. So
19 there is so much disagreement. What Google calls a malware, my
20 clients don't know if that's what they are working with.

21 Now when the plaintiff, when Ms. Harris just talked
22 about my clients' ability to stop it, what I told plaintiff's
23 counsel was that they believe they can do that. And, yes, they
24 do want to resolve this case and settle with Google, but right
25 now we are not ready to do that because we have to -- we need

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1 to do some discovery first. So this way when we do settlement,
2 we know what we are settling, and my clients are not ready to
3 do it right now, your Honor. There is no confusion. I think
4 this case will settle eventually, but I think we need to engage
5 in discovery to get there.

6 THE COURT: So what specific discovery do you need in
7 order to resolve this case?

8 MR. LITVAK: Your Honor, it's a complex case. I am
9 going to need to see exactly the software that they are talking
10 about. Other issues, I mean, we will see. Right now in the
11 stage where we are submitting initial disclosures, so I'm still
12 working on making a discovery demand once we get to the second
13 phase. But we will need discovery, your Honor, in this very
14 complex case to resolve it.

15 THE COURT: So it is unclear to me, Mr. Litvak, what
16 precise discovery you need. If your clients and you are
17 representing on behalf of your clients that they do not want to
18 engage in any illegal activity and would consent to an
19 agreement not to engage in illegal activity, it sounds like you
20 just need a description of what that illegal activity is.

21 Do I understand your position correctly?

22 MR. LITVAK: No, your Honor. Because what Google
23 calls illegal activity my clients believe is legal. So that's
24 why we have the disagreement. And I talked about it in my
25 motion to vacate the motion for default judgment. I mean to --

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1 yeah, vacate the notice for default judgment. I talked about
2 it. All those things that Google claims in its complaint that
3 my clients' engaged in all this illegal activity, wire fraud,
4 ad fraud, this type of fraud. My clients don't know -- don't
5 know nothing about that.

6 THE COURT: So, Mr. Litvak, that is a different kind
7 of statement. A statement that we did not engage in wire
8 fraud, to take one example, is a statement of we have not
9 committed any violation of law. A statement that we dispute
10 that wire fraud was occurring is a different kind of statement.

11 Do you understand what I am saying?

12 MR. LITVAK: Yes, your Honor. When I was referring to
13 the things that are stated in the complaint, the ID fraud
14 scheme, the ad fraud scheme, there is all those things that
15 Google is talking about. It's just, according to my clients,
16 not true, those factual things that Google is alleging are just
17 not true.

18 THE COURT: What is not true?

19 MR. LITVAK: That they engaged in this activity.

20 THE COURT: So I want to make a distinction between a
21 defendant saying "I was not involved in the crime" and a
22 defendant saying "I was very involved in the activity and the
23 activity I was involved in does not constitute a crime."

24 MR. LITVAK: Your Honor, they say both. That's what
25 they say.

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1 THE COURT: So you need discovery from Google to
2 convince you that a crime occurred.

3 MR. LITVAK: Yes. I mean, Google is making these
4 allegations in its complaint that my client engaged in all this
5 types of various different activities. Okay. Show it to us.
6 What are you talking about? Show us. Show us what activities.
7 Show us the evidence. That's why we are requesting, your
8 Honor, discovery in this case.

9 THE COURT: And once Google shows you evidence that a
10 crime was committed, then your client's position will be what?

11 MR. LITVAK: I have no idea what they are going to
12 show to us. Let them first show it to us. I don't want to
13 prejudge my client's position. Based on what we see in the
14 complaint, just looking at the complaint, my clients are
15 stating to me that they have never engaged in any illegal
16 activity and the activity that they did engage in was not
17 illegal.

18 THE COURT: That may be, and I understand that it is
19 their position, but that is still not necessarily a reason not
20 to consent to a permanent injunction. Right now there is a
21 preliminary injunction in place that says you may not commit a
22 crime. Your clients believe they aren't committing a crime.
23 So the preliminary injunction has no impact on their activity
24 according to your defendants, am I right?

25 MR. LITVAK: Correct.

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1 THE COURT: So if a permanent injunction was issued,
2 again saying as a permanent matter you may not commit a crime,
3 your clients again would take the position that kind of order
4 is fine because we haven't engaged in a crime and we don't want
5 to engage in a crime in the future. Am I right?

6 MR. LITVAK: Well, just -- your Honor, not exactly,
7 because the Google will use the permanent injunction to go
8 after them, go -- you know, they using this injunction to, you
9 know, close out different domain names. They are sending this
10 preliminary injunction to various technology companies. It's
11 preventing my clients from engaging in normal business
12 activity. They tried -- they closed the e-mails. They are
13 closing everything. And they are using this as a weapon to
14 basically go after my clients. So even if they agreed to
15 permanent injunction, the Google will still continue to go
16 after them.

17 THE COURT: So let me ask, are your clients willing to
18 participate in discovery in this litigation?

19 MR. LITVAK: My clients? Of course, yes.

20 THE COURT: So they are willing to produce documents?

21 MR. LITVAK: 100 percent.

22 THE COURT: They are willing to be deposed?

23 MR. LITVAK: 100 percent. It's --

24 THE COURT: They are willing to come to this country
25 and stand trial?

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1 MR. LITVAK: Well, in terms -- the issue in terms of
2 the deposition, the Google, this is something that came up in
3 the last few days, they want them -- they want to depose them
4 in person. The issue is, my clients, there is no way for them
5 to come physically to the United States, at least right now.
6 Because, first of all, because of the war in Ukraine, there is
7 no flights, sanctions, there is no way for them to get a visa.
8 The U.S. Embassy in Moscow is closed. So in terms of
9 depositions, yes, they are willing to sit down for deposition
10 first phase and for the second phase. But what we would hope
11 is for that to take place virtually because I think that would
12 be the only way to do it, at this stage at least.

13 THE COURT: Well, counsel can talk about locations for
14 depositions. They don't necessarily have to be either in
15 Russia or in America. There can be neutral territory for the
16 depositions. But the trial will be in America. Are your
17 clients willing to travel to America for the trial?

18 MR. LITVAK: Yes, if they can -- if there is a way for
19 them to get here, why not? Yes. They just have to have a way
20 to get here. They need to have a visa, obviously. Without a
21 visa, they cannot come. There is no way to get a visa. And
22 also because of the war in Ukraine, there is nothing flying,
23 like, directly at least as far as I know. It's very
24 complicated. Hopefully this situation will improve in the near
25 future.

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1 THE COURT: So I notice from the 26(f) report that you
2 seek discovery of Google's investigation, at least I believe
3 that is how it was described.

4 MR. LITVAK: Well, your Honor, yes. I did not want to
5 limit myself right now at this stage to what discovery we are
6 going to be seeking. It's a very complex case. It involves a
7 lot of technical data. So, yes, that information that Google
8 has related to the investigation might be helpful to tell us --
9 might be helpful for our defenses, correct.

10 THE COURT: Well, I don't think you will have a right
11 to discovery of Google's investigatory files, if that's what
12 you intend to seek. But of course you have a right to
13 discovery under various rules, under the Federal Rules of Civil
14 Procedure, and you have a right to understand Google's theories
15 and the evidence that it is going to rely on at any trial. You
16 have extensive discovery rights. But I would want to make sure
17 that your clients are also willing to participate fully and
18 completely in discovery here.

19 MR. LITVAK: Yes. I confirmed it with them many
20 times. They are ready to participate. They are ready to come
21 for the deposition. That is not an issue. The only issue,
22 your Honor, as I said before, with the deposition, how we are
23 doing it, what country. Otherwise, they are ready to go.

24 THE COURT: Okay. And the issue about undergoing a
25 deposition in America is you don't know how they could get a

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1 visa or travel here.

2 MR. LITVAK: Yes. I don't know how they can get a
3 visa here. I don't even know if they can leave Russia right
4 now, given that there is a war in Ukraine and they are that
5 military age. I don't know. I mean, Google, I will discuss
6 all of those issues with Google's counsel and hopefully we can
7 find a compromise.

8 THE COURT: Excuse me one second.

9 (Pause)

10 THE COURT: So I may be wrong, but I think there may
11 be a disconnect between the wording of the preliminary
12 injunction and what the consequence to your clients would be
13 and your reasons for not consenting, but I think those
14 discussions are best conducted before a neutral party, someone
15 other than me, since this is a nonjury proceeding. I will
16 manage discovery, I will manage the schedule, but to facilitate
17 conversations that may involve a settlement of this litigation,
18 we are going to have to find a neutral party. I can refer you
19 to a magistrate judge, which is Magistrate Judge Figueredo, or
20 a mediator who can supervise those discussions at the right
21 point.

22 So let's just flesh out a schedule here and then
23 figure out when it is helpful for the parties to have those
24 settlement discussions. I am looking at your Exhibit A, the
25 proposed schedule that you attached to your Rule 26 report, and

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1 it reflects initial disclosures being served June 10, and
2 that's just fine. And one week later, Google is serving its
3 discovery requests for the first phase of fact discovery.
4 That's just fine. I am not quite sure, Ms. Harris, what you
5 anticipate the length of that first phase of fact discovery
6 being.

7 MS. HARRIS: Your Honor, we wanted -- I think that's
8 because we have not given an end date, but we wanted to give a
9 little bit of flexibility in recognition of the fact that we
10 are going to be pursuing a number -- or a decent amount of
11 third-party discovery in addition to discovery *vis-à-vis*
12 defendants who want to also provide for a little bit of
13 flexibility to allow this deposition question to sort itself
14 out. I think our hope is that we can proceed as quickly as
15 possible. We would like for that phase to be no more than a
16 couple of months. And we are happy to set a provisional date
17 with the recognition that some of this may be fluid depending
18 upon how that initial phase proceeds.

19 THE COURT: Well, I think what you are suggesting
20 won't work. Your proposal is for the close of fact discovery
21 to be October 3. So if the first phase takes several months,
22 that leaves no time for the second phase, as you have defined
23 it, if that phase is to close October 3.

24 MS. HARRIS: We were hoping that we could complete
25 that initial phase in, you know, two months, your Honor, and

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1 then have a separate -- or the second phase to be no more than
2 two or three months, as well. But if your Honor would like to
3 extend the discovery schedule, we have no objection.

4 THE COURT: No, I don't want to extend the discovery
5 schedule. I am saying that the second phase has to start
6 sooner rather than later. You need to see the defendants'
7 requests. He needs to see -- both defendants need to see your
8 requests. They need time to produce documents. You need time
9 to produce documents. I'm not quite sure what the phasing of
10 discovery accomplishes here.

11 MS. HARRIS: Our intent, your Honor, is that, to the
12 extent there are additional defendants who should be party to
13 this case, we wanted to avoid any duplication of effort with
14 that second merits phase that would hypothetically be relevant
15 to any additional defendants that we would name.

16 THE COURT: Well, that I think is easily dealt with.
17 We won't have depositions until that first phase is completed,
18 and to the extent someone tries to make duplicative requests, I
19 can deal with that.

20 MS. HARRIS: And I think if your Honor is comfortable
21 with that, then we are happy to proceed along those lines. The
22 only issue with respect to depositions is that we would like to
23 proceed with the defendants' depositions earlier rather than
24 later to the extent that they have knowledge of parties -- or,
25 you know, Doe defendants who might be relevant as well.

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1 THE COURT: And as I understand it, the defendants are
2 consenting to two sets of depositions—one for the first phase
3 and one for the second phase. Am I right?

4 MS. HARRIS: That's my understanding, your Honor.

5 THE COURT: So have the parties explored a neutral
6 country for the depositions to occur in?

7 MS. HARRIS: We have -- we have requested that
8 defendants make themselves available in New York and to the
9 extent that they contend that they are unable to come to
10 New York that they, of course, provide evidence of that and
11 suggest a neutral country, as your Honor suggested. Mr. Litvak
12 hasn't provided us with the names of those countries. We have
13 supplied a few alternatives ourselves, but we are hopeful
14 that -- we are hopeful that we will get there.

15 THE COURT: Well, can the defendants, who are citizens
16 and residents of Russia, obtain a visa to come to New York?

17 MS. HARRIS: My understanding is that that is still
18 feasible. Mr. Litvak contends that it is not. And to the
19 extent that it isn't and he is able to produce evidence of
20 that, of course, you know, that is a considerable barrier. But
21 as your Honor knows, this is not unusual. There are third --
22 depositions take place all over the world, and there are still
23 countries who are -- where Russian nationals are able to travel
24 currently who also provide 404 American depositions.

25 THE COURT: So you gave Mr. Litvak a list of countries

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1 other than the United States in which the defendants'
2 depositions could occur?

3 MS. HARRIS: We have provided at least -- at least two
4 to my recollection, yes.

5 MR. LITVAK: No.

6 THE COURT: Okay. So today is Wednesday, June 1. I
7 am happy for you to use my jury room after this conference, but
8 I would like a letter from the parties by noon on June 3, this
9 Friday, indicating what you have agreed to as the location for
10 the defendants' depositions or, if you are unable to reach an
11 agreement, your positions, each of your positions on where
12 those should occur. So let's just get this worked out this
13 week.

14 MS. HARRIS: That's very helpful, your Honor. Thank
15 you.

16 THE COURT: And if there are any discovery disputes as
17 we go along here, feel free to write me a letter no longer than
18 two pages. I will get you on the phone and hear you out and
19 give you a ruling.

20 I am going to use this structure of the first phase of
21 discovery to indicate when the time to amend as of right will
22 conclude, and that will conclude July 9 -- I'm sorry, July 29.
23 That is the time to amend or join additional parties; and after
24 that date, the Rule 16 standard will apply of good cause and
25 diligence. So that will give you roughly two months for this

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1 first phase of discovery for amendment of pleadings.

2 But meanwhile, you should begin your discovery full
3 bore ahead with respect to the merits of the case, making your
4 document demands and initial interrogatory requests of each
5 other. It is important to actually see that the defendants are
6 going to cooperate here in discovery, and of course the
7 defendants have a right to take discovery of Google and Google
8 has a right to take discovery of the defendants.

9 And then we will use your suggested date of October 3.
10 I am going to move that to a Friday schedule, so that will be
11 September 30 for the close of fact discovery.

12 Then expert reports by the party bearing the burden of
13 proof will be due November 4, rebuttal reports December 9,
14 reply reports January 6, a Friday.

15 There will be no summary judgment motion. This is a
16 nonjury proceeding, and so we will move directly to the
17 pretrial order. The pretrial order in this nonjury case will
18 be due February 17 of 2023, and we will choose a trial date in
19 March. So this trial will proceed on March 14 of 2023.

20 I would expect that this case may be ripe for
21 settlement discussions after the defendants are deposed on the
22 first occasion and after the defendants have formulated their
23 initial interrogatories and document demands and any disputes
24 about those may be resolved. So looking at your schedule, I
25 expect the defendants' first deposition will occur later this

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1 month or in early July, so I am going to suggest that
2 settlement discussions occur in July or August of this year.

3 But let me get a sense from counsel if that schedule
4 sounds about right. Ms. Harris?

5 MS. HARRIS: That works for plaintiffs, your Honor.

6 THE COURT: Mr. Litvak?

7 MR. LITVAK: That work for the defense.

8 THE COURT: Would you consult with each other,
9 Ms. Harris and Mr. Litvak, and tell me if you prefer a
10 reference to a mediator or to Magistrate Judge Figueredo for
11 those settlement discussions?

12 MS. HARRIS: We are happy to confer and let your Honor
13 know. Right now?

14 (Counsel confer)

15 MS. HARRIS: We are happy to proceed before the
16 magistrate judge, your Honor.

17 THE COURT: Thank you. So I am going to ask you to
18 contact Magistrate Judge Figueredo's chambers by this Friday,
19 within the next two days, to arrange for a date for settlement
20 discussions in either July or August. Get on her calendar at a
21 time that is convenient for her and for counsel. And of course
22 if you resolve this case in advance, that's just fine.

23 So let me give counsel an additional opportunity to
24 bring to my attention anything they would like to discuss at
25 this point. So let me return to you, Ms. Harris. Anything

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1 further that we should discuss this afternoon?

2 MS. HARRIS: May I have just a moment, your Honor?

3 THE COURT: Sure.

4 (Counsel confer)

5 MS. HARRIS: Your Honor, we appreciate that we have a
6 July 29 deadline to amend as of right as to any additional
7 defendants. If we don't identify defendants on that timeline,
8 would your Honor entertain a motion for a permanent junction as
9 to the Doe defendants?

10 THE COURT: You can bring a motion at any time. You
11 don't have to wait until July.

12 MS. HARRIS: Great.

13 THE COURT: At any time that either side wants to
14 bring a motion permitted by the federal rules, you may bring
15 that motion.

16 MS. HARRIS: Okay. Thank you, your Honor.

17 THE COURT: Yes.

18 Mr. Litvak, is there anything that you wanted to raise
19 with me?

20 MR. LITVAK: Nothing else, your Honor.

21 THE COURT: Thank you.

22 So let's talk a little bit about the nonjury
23 procedure. I think normally you are going to read that direct
24 is by affidavit in my nonjury procedures. I am not going to
25 allow the defendants to submit an affidavit and then not appear

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1 at trial for cross-examination. So let me step back and
2 explain why there isn't summary judgment practice in my nonjury
3 proceedings.

4 Because the goal of a summary judgment motion is to
5 decide from a judge's vantage point whether there is a disputed
6 issue of fact that requires a trial, in nonjury proceedings I
7 skip that step, saving the parties I think a lot of time and
8 expense, and we go straight to the trial.

9 Direct is taken by affidavit and at the trial the
10 witness takes the stand, swears to the truth of the affidavit,
11 is tendered for cross, and at the conclusion of the trial the
12 lawyers sum up. But with your pretrial order, which will be
13 due in this case in mid February, you submit the direct
14 testimony of your witnesses—both fact and expert witnesses—the
15 documents on which you are planning to rely at trial, your
16 findings of fact, your conclusions of law, any memorandum of
17 law.

18 I will draft an opinion based on that submission. At
19 the March 14 trial, I will come to the trial armed with a draft
20 opinion, which I will mark up and revise during the course of
21 the trial based on cross and redirect examination of the
22 witnesses and based on the parties' arguments in summation. So
23 normally there is no post-trial briefing. You should make your
24 submission on February 17 as complete as you would like it to
25 be.

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1 This is a case in which there will be expert
2 witnesses, no doubt. You should assume relative naiveté on my
3 part with respect to the operation of the Internet and the
4 kinds of functions that were performed on the Internet to
5 achieve what the plaintiff alleges was achieved here.

6 Good. Good luck and, again, I will manage discovery,
7 so if you want discovery, you have to be diligent. If you
8 aren't diligent, you have lost the right to take discovery.

9 Thank you.

10 MR. LITVAK: Thank you.

11 MS. HARRIS: Thank you, your Honor.

12 oOo